THE NORTH WEST COMPANY INC.

Report to Shareholders

Quarterly Period Ended October 31, 2020



2020 THIRD QUARTER REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS

Report to Shareholders

The North West Company Inc. reports its results for the third quarter ended October 31, 2020. Sales increased 6.4% to \$553.0 million compared to the third quarter last year and were up 17.8%¹ on a same store basis driven by market share gains and COVID-19-related factors including a continuing shift towards in-community spending as well as income support provided by different jurisdictions within which the Company operates. These factors were largely offset by a decrease in sales due to the sale of 36 of the Company's Giant Tiger stores which was completed in the second quarter.

Third quarter net earnings increased \$11.1 million to \$35.9 million and net earnings attributable to shareholders were \$34.6 million or \$0.71 per share compared to \$0.49 per share last year on a diluted earnings per share basis. This increase is due to the impact of higher sales and margin improvements partially offset by share-based compensation costs. Adjusted net earnings², which excludes the impact of the share-based compensation costs, increased \$18.5 million compared to last year driven by sales gains and margin improvements.

The Board of Directors has approved a quarterly dividend of \$0.36 per share to shareholders of record on December 31, 2020.

On behalf of the Board of Directors:

H. Sanford Riley Chairman

Management's Discussion & Analysis

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Edward S. Kennedy President and Chief Executive Officer

The following Management's Discussion & Analysis should be read in conjunction with the Company's 2020 third quarter unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements for the period ended October 31, 2020 ("Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements") and the audited annual consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in the 2019 Annual Report. The first quarter of 2020 had 90 days of operations compared to 89 days of operations in the first quarter of 2019 as a result of February 29. The estimated impact of this extra day has been deducted from the reported same store sales.

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

Quarter

Third quarter consolidated sales increased 6.4% to \$553.0 million led by strong same store sales gains, the November 1, 2019 reopening of the Company's Cost-U-Less ("CUL") store in St. Thomas, USVI which was destroyed by hurricane Irma in the third quarter of 2017, and the positive impact of foreign exchange on the translation of International Operations sales. These factors were partially offset by lower sales in Giant Tiger stores related to the previously announced sale of 36 stores which was completed on July 5, 2020 and the closure of five stores in the third quarter (the "Giant Tiger Transaction"). Further information on the Giant Tiger Transaction is provided under Canadian Operations. Excluding the foreign exchange impact, consolidated sales increased 5.3% and were up 17.8%¹ on a same store basis. Food sales¹ increased 8.9% and were up 14.5% on a same store basis and general merchandise sales¹ decreased 10.9% due to the Giant Tiger Transaction but were up 38.3% on a same store basis. Sales were driven by market share gains and COVID-19-related factors including consumer spending changes in favor of in-community and at-home activities, supported by enhanced government income transfers in many jurisdictions. Superior in-stock conditions at CUL and lower food prices in northern Canada stores were factors in capturing a higher share of consumer spending.

(1) Excluding the foreign exchange impact

(2) See Non-GAAP Measures Section of Management's Discussion & Analysis

Gross profit increased 9.3% driven by higher sales and an 88 basis point rate increase compared to last year. The increase in gross profit rate was primarily due to favourable changes in product sales blend and higher inventory turns contributing to lower markdowns and inventory shrinkage. These factors were partially offset by lower margin rates in the British Virgin Islands, a higher blend of CUL sales which carry a lower gross profit rate consistent with CUL's discount warehouse format and the impact of lower margin wholesale food sales as part of the Giant Tiger Transaction.

Selling, operating and administrative expenses ("Expenses") were flat to last year and down 158 basis points as a percentage to sales. The decrease in Expenses related to the Giant Tiger Transaction and lower Canadian administration costs was offset by higher share-based compensation costs, an increase in annual incentive plan costs and the impact of COVID-19-related expenses. Share-based compensation costs increased \$8.3 million primarily due to mark-to-market adjustments resulting from changes in the Company's share price. COVID-19 expenses related to wage increases for front-line associates, the purchase of protective equipment and enhanced sanitation procedures were \$2.5 million in the quarter. Excluding the impact of the share-based compensation costs, Expenses decreased \$8.5 million or 6.4% and were down 308 basis points as a percentage to sales. This decrease is primarily due to the reductions previously noted and the impact of \$2.3 million in store opening, support office restructuring and relocation costs in International Operations last year. These factors were partially offset by higher annual incentive plan costs, insurance expense and the impact of foreign exchange on the translation of International Operations expenses.

Earnings from operations increased \$15.9 million to \$52.9 million compared to \$37.0 million last year and earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA²) increased \$16.4 million to \$75.7 million due to the sales, gross profit and Expense factors previously noted. Adjusted EBITDA², which excludes share-based compensation costs, increased \$24.8 million compared to last year and as a percentage to sales was 15.1% compared to 11.3% as the impact of sales gains and gross profit rate improvements in the quarter more than offset higher Expenses.

Income tax expense was \$13.0 million compared to \$7.0 million last year and the consolidated effective tax rate was 26.6% compared to 22.0%. This rate increase was primarily due to the impact of non-tax deductible share-based compensation costs and the Giant Tiger Transaction in Canadian Operations and the blend of earnings in International Operations across the various tax rate jurisdictions.

Net earnings increased \$11.1 million to \$35.9 million. Net earnings attributable to shareholders were \$34.6 million and diluted earnings per share were \$0.71 per share compared to \$0.49 per share last year due to the factors noted above. Adjusted net earnings², which excludes the impact of the after-tax share-based compensation costs, increased \$18.5 million compared to last year driven by earnings gains in Canadian Operations and International Operations resulting from the factors previously noted.

Comprehensive income increased to \$35.3 million compared to \$26.7 million last year due to higher net earnings noted above partially offset by a foreign exchange-related loss on the translation of International Operations.

Year-to-date

Year-to-date sales increased 16.4% to \$1.794 billion led by same store sales gains, new store sales and the impact of foreign exchange on the translation of International Operations sales. These factors were partially offset by lower sales in Giant Tiger stores resulting from the Giant Tiger Transaction. Excluding the foreign exchange impact, consolidated sales increased 14.8% and were up 19.7%¹ on a same store basis. Food sales¹ increased 16.5% and were up 16.7% on a same store basis and general merchandise sales¹ increased 15.8% and were up 34.8% on a same store basis. Sales were driven by COVID-19-related consumer spending changes and government income support payments as previously noted. One extra day of sales as a result of February 29 was also a factor. These factors were partially offset by lower sales in Giant Tiger stores as a result of the Giant Tiger Transaction.

Gross profit increased 18.5% due to higher sales and a 57 basis point increase in the gross profit rate primarily related to product sales blend changes with lower markdowns and inventory shrinkage resulting from higher inventory turns. Selling, operating and administrative expenses ("Expenses") increased \$34.8 million or 8.9% but were down 164 basis points as a percentage to sales. This increase in Expenses is partially due to a \$9.4 million Giant Tiger asset impairment and store closure provision and \$16.3 million in higher share-based compensation costs, offset by the impact of the \$24.7 million Giant Tiger Transaction gain this year and \$15.0 million in insurance-related gains last year (collectively "Non-Comparable Factors"). Excluding the impact of the Non-Comparable

(1) Excluding the foreign exchange impact

(2) See Non-GAAP Measures Section of Management's Discussion & Analysis

Factors, Expenses increased \$18.9 million or 4.7% but were down 263 basis points as a percentage to sales. Of this Expense increase, \$13.8 million is due to the impact of COVID-19 expenses primarily related to wage increases for front-line associates, the purchase of protective equipment and enhanced sanitation procedures. Higher annual incentive plan costs, insurance, amortization, corporate donations and the impact of foreign exchange on the translation of International Operations expenses were also factors.

Earnings from operations increased \$56.6 million to \$160.2 million compared to \$103.6 million last year and earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA²) increased \$60.9 million to \$230.0 million. Adjusted EBITDA², which excludes the impact of the Non-Comparable Factors, increased \$76.8 million compared to last year with both Canadian and International Operations contributing to the increase driven by the sales, gross profit and Expense factors noted above.

Income tax expense increased \$16.9 million to \$36.1 million and the consolidated effective tax rate was 24.6% compared to 21.8% last year. This rate increase was mainly due to the impact of the Giant Tiger Transaction, non-tax deductible share-based compensation costs in Canadian Operations and the blend of earnings in International Operations across the various tax rate jurisdictions.

Net earnings increased \$41.7 million to \$110.7 million. Net earnings attributable to shareholders were \$107.8 million and diluted earnings per share were \$2.19 per share compared to \$1.35 per share last year due to the factors noted above. The impact of foreign exchange on the translation of International Operations net earnings was also a factor as the average exchange rate in the quarter was 1.3563 compared to 1.3276 last year. Adjusted net earnings², which excludes the impact of the Non-Comparable Factors, increased \$54.2 million compared to last year driven by earnings gains in Canadian Operations and International Operations.

Comprehensive income increased \$50.6 million to \$112.9 million compared to \$62.3 million last year due to higher net earnings of \$41.7 million described above, the positive impact of foreign exchange on the translation of the International Operations financial statements and a remeasurement of defined benefit pension plans last year. The change in foreign exchange rates resulted in a gain of \$2.1 million compared to a gain of \$0.2 million last year. The remeasurement of defined benefit pension plan assets and liabilities resulted in a net actuarial loss of \$7.0 million in the second quarter last year.

(1) Excluding the foreign exchange impact

(2) See Non-GAAP Measures Section of Management's Discussion & Analysis

CANADIAN OPERATIONS

Canadian Operations sales decreased 0.5% to \$312.8 million compared to \$314.5 million in the third quarter last year as strong same store sales gains were more than offset by divested stores as a result of the Giant Tiger Transaction. Further information on the Giant Tiger Transaction is provided below. Same store sales increased 22.9% driven by market share gains and COVID-19-related consumer spending changes in favour of the Company's in-community essential product offering combined with various income transfer and support programs for individuals. Food sales increased 3.5% and were up 18.4% on a same store basis due to the factors previously noted. General merchandise sales decreased 19.6% from the third quarter last year due to the Giant Tiger Transaction but were up 46.7% on a same store basis led by durable, big-ticket goods.

Gross profit increased 6.7% driven by sales gains and a higher gross profit rate. The change in gross profit rate is primarily due to changes in product sales blend, lower markdowns and inventory shrinkage due to improved sell-through. A higher gross profit rate in North Star Air ("NSA") and the impact of lower sales in Giant Tiger stores which have a lower gross profit structure consistent with a discount format were also factors. These factors were partially offset by food price reductions in northern Canada aimed at capturing more local spending dollars and the impact of lower margin wholesale food sales as part of the Giant Tiger Transaction.

Selling, operating and administrative expenses ("Expenses") decreased 4.3% and were down 101 basis points as a percentage to sales compared to last year due to the impact of three-months less operations as a result of the Giant Tiger Transaction and savings from the Winnipeg support office cost reductions announced in the first quarter. These factors were partially offset by a \$7.2 million increase in share-based compensation costs and higher annual incentive plan costs, insurance expense and COVID-19-related expenses.

Canadian earnings from operations increased to \$36.3 million compared to \$25.4 million last year and EBITDA² increased 25.5% to \$51.7 million compared to \$41.2 million last year due to the sales, gross profit and Expense factors previously noted. Adjusted EBITDA², which excludes the impact of the share-based compensation costs, increased \$17.7 million compared to last year driven by sales gains in northern Canada, improved earnings in NSA and the impact of the Giant Tiger Transaction. NSA EBITDA² increased compared to last year as higher cargo volumes and better aircraft utilization more than offset the negative impact of lower passenger-related earnings, net of \$1.0 million in Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy ("CEWS") payments.

Giant Tiger Transaction

On July 5, 2020, the Company completed the previously announced sale of 36 of the Company's 46 Giant Tiger stores (the "Acquired Stores") to Giant Tiger Stores Limited ("GTSL") for cash consideration of \$45.0 million, subject to working capital adjustments, payable in installments on the second, third and fourth anniversaries of the transaction closing date and, subject to meeting certain profitability milestones, additional contingent consideration payable on the fourth and fifth anniversaries of the closing date of up to \$22.5 million (the "Giant Tiger Transaction"). The Company recorded a promissory note receivable with a fair value of \$48.7 million comprised of the net present value of the installments and estimated additional contingent consideration. The Giant Tiger Transaction resulted in a pre-tax gain of \$24.7 million or \$20.0 million net of tax in the second quarter.

As part of the Giant Tiger Transaction, the Company and GTSL entered into reciprocal product supply and distribution agreements related to the supply of food-related products by the Company to the Acquired Stores and the supply of certain general merchandise and food products by GTSL to the Company's northern Canada stores. These agreements enable buying efficiencies for both parties and will provide the Company with access to an expanded general merchandise assortment.

Of the remaining 10 GT locations, the Company (i) is retaining and operating five key stores in northern market locations, (ii) has converted one store to a Valu-Lots clearance center, and (iii) has closed four stores in the third quarter of 2020. The Company recorded a \$9.4 million asset impairment and store closure provision in the first quarter substantially related to a reduction in the carrying amount of fixtures and equipment and right-of-use assets. Further information on the Giant Tiger transaction and store closure provision is provided in Note 19 to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

INTERNATIONAL OPERATIONS (stated in U.S. dollars)

International Operations sales increased 17.2% to \$181.6 million compared to \$154.9 million in the third quarter last year led by same store sales growth of 10.8% and the re-opening of our Cost-U-Less store in St. Thomas, USVI. These gains were partially offset by the closure of an Alaska Commercial Company ("AC") main store and a convenience store in Barrow, Alaska on October 31, 2019, net of opening a smaller store in this market on November 1, 2019. Food sales increased 17.4% and were up 9.6% on a same store basis and general merchandise sales increased 20.9% and were up 21.0% on a same store basis. Sales were positively impacted by market share gains, consumer spending changes and COVID-19-related government income support payments within the United States, including U.S. Territories served by CUL. Strong in-stock conditions were also a factor. These factors were partially offset by the early issuance of a \$992 Permanent Fund Dividend ("PFD") payment to Alaska residents in the second quarter this year compared to a \$1,606 dividend issued in the third and fourth quarters last year and periodic government-mandated COVID-19-related store closures across different Caribbean countries, community curfews and weak economies in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI") and St. Maarten.

Gross profit increased 14.1% compared to last year driven by sales gains, partially offset by a decrease in the gross profit rate largely related to more challenging economic conditions in the BVI and a higher blend of Cost-U-Less sales which have a lower gross profit rate consistent with a discount warehouse format.

Selling, operating and administrative expenses ("Expenses") increased 7.0% compared to last year primarily due to higher sales activity, the impact of new stores, COVID-19-related expenses and higher annual incentive plan costs. These were partially offset by the non-recurring impact of support office restructuring and relocation costs in the third quarter last year.

Earnings from operations were \$12.6 million compared to \$8.8 million in the third quarter last year and EBITDA² increased to \$18.2 million compared to \$13.7 million last year due to the sales, gross profit and Expense factors previously noted.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Financial Ratios

The Company's debt-to-equity ratio at the end of the third quarter was 0.69:1 compared to 1.01:1 last year.

Working capital decreased \$126.7 million or 54.1% compared to the third quarter last year primarily due to an increase in the current portion of long-term debt related to \$93.1 million in senior notes which mature June 16, 2021, a decrease in inventories due to the Giant Tiger Transaction and the accelerated sell-down of winter road and sealift inventories due to higher sales in northern Canada. These factors were partially offset by a decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities related to the Giant Tiger Transaction.

Outstanding Shares

The weighted-average basic shares outstanding for the quarter were 48,791,000 shares compared to 48,751,000 shares last year. The weighted-average fully diluted shares outstanding for the quarter were 49,342,000 shares compared to 49,413,000 shares last year. The decrease in fully diluted shares outstanding compared to last year is due to redemptions under the Director Deferred Share Unit Plan and Share Option Plan that were settled in cash, partially offset by options granted under the Share Option Plan and shares granted under the Performance Share Unit plan that may be treasury settled. Further information on share capital and share-based compensation plans is provided in Note 7 and Note 14 respectively to the Company's Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

	Three Months	Three Months		Nine Months	Nine Months	
	Ended	Ended		Ended	Ended	
\$ in thousands	October 31, 2020	October 31, 2019	Change	October 31, 2020	October 31, 2019	Change
Cash flows from (used in):						
Cash from operating activities	\$ 56,250	\$ 27,566	\$ 28,684	\$ 232,058	\$ 112,797	\$ 119,261
Cash used in investing activities	(15,174)	(42,304)	27,130	(54,996)	(85,054)	30,058
Cash from (used in) financing activities	(54,321)	3,446	(57,767)	(145,295)	(14,201)	(131,094)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates on cash	(508)	68	(576)	(242)	5	(247)
Net change in cash	\$ (13,753)	\$ (11,224)	\$ (2,529)	\$ 31,525	\$ 13,547	\$ 17,978

The following table summarizes the major components of cash flow:

Cash from operating activities in the quarter increased \$28.7 million to \$56.3 million compared to \$27.6 million last year due to higher net earnings and the change in non-cash working capital substantially due to a decrease in inventories related to higher than planned sales drawing down winter road and sealift inventories in Canadian Operations. For the year-to-date, cash from operating activities increased \$119.3 million to \$232.1 million compared to \$112.8 million last year due to higher net earnings as previously noted and the change in non-cash working capital primarily related to a decrease in inventories, the change in accounts receivable related to increased payments received compared to the prior year and the change in accounts payable related to the timing of payments. The change in other non-cash items is mainly due to the change in long-term liabilities related to share-based compensation.

Cash used in investing activities in the quarter decreased to \$15.2 million compared to \$42.3 million last year. The purchase of property and equipment in the quarter was largely related to investments in stores, fixtures and equipment. For the year-to-date, cash used in investing activities decreased to \$55.0 million compared to \$85.1 million last year and included investments in property and equipment previously noted and the purchase of a third ATR 72-500 aircraft which replaced a Basler aircraft. Further information on planned capital expenditures is included in the Outlook section.

Cash used in financing activities in the quarter was \$54.3 million compared to cash from financing activities of \$3.4 million last year. The change in long-term debt in the quarter is due to a decrease in amounts drawn on the Company's revolving loan facilities compared to an increase in the amount drawn in the quarter last year. For the year-to-date, cash used in financing activities increased to \$145.3 million compared to \$14.2 million last year. The change in long-term debt for the year-to-date is due to a decrease in amounts drawn on the Company's revolving loan facilities related to the debt issuance of \$93.1 million (US\$70.0 million) in senior notes, strong cash flow from operating activities and a decrease in the purchase of property and equipment. Further information on long-term debt is provided in the Sources of Liquidity section and in Note 9 to the Company's Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Sources of Liquidity

Canadian Operations have US\$70.0 million senior notes that mature on June 16, 2021. These senior notes have a fixed interest rate of 3.27% on US\$55.0 million and a floating interest rate on US\$15.0 million based on U.S. LIBOR plus a spread, payable semiannually. These senior notes are secured by certain assets of the Company and rank *pari passu* with the Company's other senior debt.

In June 2020, the Company issued US\$70.0 million senior notes in two tranches; US\$35.0 million 2.88% senior notes that will mature on June 16, 2027 and US\$35.0 million 3.09% senior notes that will mature on June 16, 2032. These senior notes are secured by a floating charge on certain assets of the Company and rank *pari passu* with the Company's other senior debt comprised of the \$300.0 million Canadian Operations loan facilities, the US\$70.0 million senior notes that mature June 16, 2021 and the US\$52.0 million loan facilities. The proceeds from the issuance of the senior notes were used to reduce amounts drawn on the Company's revolving loan facilities in Canadian Operations and provides additional capacity for growth opportunities that may arise during the COVID-19 pandemic environment or to repay the US\$70.0 million senior notes when they mature on June 16, 2021.

The Company has outstanding \$100.0 million in senior notes that mature September 26, 2029 and have a fixed interest rate of 3.74%. The notes are secured by certain assets of the Company and rank *pari passu* with the Company's other senior debt.

Canadian Operations also have committed, revolving loan facilities of \$300.0 million that bear a floating rate of interest based on Bankers Acceptances rates plus a stamping fee or the Canadian prime interest rate. These facilities mature September 26, 2022 and are secured by certain assets of the Company on a *pari passu* basis with the Company's other senior debt. At October 31, 2020, the Company had drawn \$1.9 million on these facilities (October 31, 2019 - \$195.9 million).

The Company has committed, revolving loan facilities of US\$52.0 million that bear interest at U.S. LIBOR plus a spread. These facilities mature September 26, 2022 and are secured by certain assets of the Company on a *pari passu* basis with the Company's other senior debt. At October 31, 2020, the Company had drawn US\$27.9 million on these facilities (October 31, 2019 - US\$27.9 million).

The International Operations have a US\$40.0 million committed, revolving loan facility for working capital and general business purposes. This loan facility, which matures February 12, 2025, bears a floating rate of interest based on U.S. LIBOR plus a spread and is secured by certain accounts receivable and inventories of the International Operations. At October 31, 2020, the Company had drawn US\$8.7 million on these facilities (October 31, 2019 - US\$2.9 million).

The Company's lease liabilities are discounted at its incremental borrowing rate, generally calculated from applicable Canadian and U.S. corporate bond yields. At October 31, 2020, lease liabilities reflect a weighted-average risk-free rate of 3.7% (October 31, 2019 – 3.9%) and weighted-average remaining lease term of 9.9 years (October 31, 2019 – 9.8 years).

The loan facilities and senior notes contain covenants and restrictions including the requirement to meet certain financial ratios and financial condition tests. The financial covenants include a fixed charge coverage ratio, minimum current ratio, a leverage test and a minimum net worth test. At October 31, 2020, the Company is in compliance with the financial covenants under these facilities. Current and forecasted debt levels are regularly monitored for compliance with debt covenants. Further information on the Company's long-term debt and loan facilities is provided in Note 9 to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Cash flow from operating activities and unutilized capacity available on existing loan facilities are expected to be sufficient to fund operating requirements, pension plan contributions, planned sustaining and growth-related capital expenditures as well as anticipated dividends during 2020.

SHAREHOLDER DIVIDENDS

The Board of Directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.36 per share to shareholders of record on December 31, 2020, to be paid on January 15, 2021.

Dividend payments are subject to the approval of the Board of Directors and are based on, among other factors, the financial performance of the Company, its current and anticipated future business needs and the satisfaction of solvency tests imposed by the Canada Business Corporations Act ("CBCA") for the declaration of dividends. The dividends are designated as eligible dividends in accordance with the provisions of the Canadian Income Tax Act.

Normal Course Issuer Bid

On November 10, 2020, the Toronto Stock Exchange (the "TSX") provided approval for the Company to commence a Normal Course Issuer Bid ("NCIB") for a portion of its common voting shares and variable voting shares (the "Shares"). The maximum number of Shares that can be purchased under the NCIB over the next 12 months is 4,807,437 which is approximately 10% of the Company's public float at November 1, 2020. The NCIB will be made in accordance with applicable regulations and the requirements of the TSX and includes an automatic securities purchase plan to facilitate the purchase of Shares. All shares purchased under the NCIB will be cancelled. Further information on the NCIB is provided in the news release available in the investor section of the Company's website at *www.northwest.ca*.

OTHER HIGHLIGHTS

- A 46,000 square foot warehouse was re-opened in Iqaluit, Nunavut in August, 2020 replacing a warehouse destroyed by fire in the fourth quarter of 2018.
- A convenience store opened in Bethel, Alaska on August 31, 2020.
- A Giant Tiger store in Prince Albert, Saskatchewan that closed as part of the Giant Tiger Transaction was converted to a ValuLots discount store and pharmacy and reopened on October 3, 2020.

COMMENT ON COVID-19 PANDEMIC

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the rapidly spreading novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") a pandemic. This contagious disease outbreak has resulted in material disruption to businesses globally and significant economic uncertainty. In response, governments worldwide have enacted emergency measures to both combat the spread of the virus and stabilize economic conditions. All of the Company's operations are considered to be essential services by the applicable government authorities. As such, the Company's focus is on business continuity and safety plans, related cost management and liquidity to ensure uninterrupted operations and to help mitigate the health impact of COVID-19 on employees and customers. This includes the implementation of physical spacing, including the installation of plexiglass barriers at checkouts, and enhanced sanitation protocols in stores, distribution centers and support offices. Included in this scope of work is increased communications with our customers and community leaders to help understand their expectations and protocols. The Company is also continuing to work closely with governments and suppliers to help ensure the uninterrupted flow of merchandise to our stores. COVID-19 is a rapidly changing situation and the Company continues to adjust and adapt its operations as required.

To date, the impact of COVID-19 on communities served by the Company has ranged from modest to severe. The rate of cases in northern Canada has accelerated in the fourth quarter to date but remains below other regions of Canada. International Operations have experienced higher rates of COVID-19 with a more negative economic impact within regions which rely heavily on tourism and which do not appear at this time to have fiscal sponsorship or inherent fiscal capacity to deliver compensating income support programs, notably the British Virgin Islands and St. Maarten.

The future impact of COVID-19 is uncertain and the Company is not able to reliably forecast the severity and duration of the impact on the economy, the financial markets, the availability of capital and on the Company's employees, customers, and suppliers, including the possible temporary closure of stores or interruptions to the Company's supply chain. Although the Company foresees continued above average demand for the products and services it provides based on its role as an essential service and consumer spending changes, the full impact of COVID-19 is not determinable at this time and there can be no assurance that COVID-19 will not have a material adverse impact on the Company's operations and financial condition. Further information on the potential impact of COVID-19 is provided in the Outlook section.

STRATEGY

The Company is focused on building a stronger range of essential products and services that help our customers to live better and that sustain and grow our business in a socially responsible manner, within all economic conditions. For investors, the Company is committed to delivering sustainable, superior total returns with a commitment to downside risk management, disciplined allocation of capital, cash flow optimization and dividend growth.

The Company's focus areas for the next three years are set out below:

- 1. In the short-term, our priority is on continuing to provide a safe shopping environment for our customers and employees, meeting the sales growth opportunities of COVID-19, completing the Canadian Operations administration cost reductions and continuing to invest in lower food pricing in our northern Canada stores.
- 2. Priority work for the remainder of 2020 and 2021 includes new levels of social responsibility work, identifying opportunities and managing risks presented by COVID-19, optimizing North Star Air Ltd. ("NSA") cargo business, completing the roll-out of next generation merchandise and store systems, store key role capability and completing the shift to a more decentralized operation structure so that more decisions are made within and closer to the different banners, regions, communities and customers that we serve.
- 3. As the core retail and logistics work is achieved, we will begin to put more focus on complimentary growth opportunities that leverage our core remote market capabilities and expertise as well as opportunities presented by COVID-19.

Further information on the Company's strategy is provided in the 2019 Annual Report.

OUTLOOK

The Company's near-term consumer outlook is clouded by the COVID-19 pandemic. While the Company foresees revenue to remain above average through the duration of COVID-19 based on its role as an essential service and an ongoing shift in consumer spending in favour of the Company's product and service offering, there is downside risk to this outlook related to increased outbreaks of COVID-19, the timing of broad vaccine distribution and potentially severe economic challenges within tourism-dependent countries which do not have strong government income support programs such as the British Virgin Islands and St. Maarten. The Company is monitoring the COVID-19 situation on a daily basis and adjusting people practices as appropriate as well as product sourcing and distribution requirements. As a relied-upon provider of everyday needs to many remote communities, the Company is committed to ensuring continuity of service throughout this challenging period.

The impact of the Giant Tiger Transaction is expected to result in lower sales in the fourth quarter of 2020 compared to last year, net of continued wholesale food sales to the sold Giant Tiger stores, but is expected to have a positive impact on earnings from operations. On an annualized basis, the Giant Tiger Transaction is expected to result in lower sales, net of wholesale food sales, of approximately \$200 million but have a positive impact on earnings from operations of approximately \$10 million. The Company expects that COVID-19-related expenses in the fourth quarter of this year to be in the range of \$4 million compared to \$13.8 million in the first three quarters but this can be impacted by the number and duration of outbreaks in the communities the Company operates in. In Canadian Operations, the Company is on-track to achieve the previously announced \$17 million in annualized administrative cost savings by the end of the year.

With the exception of the COVID-19 economic risk to the Caribbean, the medium and longer-term outlook in the Company's markets is favourable and leverages our lower pricing and cost positions, our emphasis on execution capability and the resiliency of our everyday essential product and service focus, augmented by opportunistic investments. Northern Canada's outlook in particular, is buoyed by different forms of ongoing government investment into individual incomes and the northern economy generally. Even with the economic uncertainty in the Caribbean, the Company believes there will be opportunities to grow market share organically and through acquisitions.

A third owned ATR aircraft was put into operation in NSA's fleet on June 20, 2020 and has added more efficient capacity by reducing reliance on more expensive, chartered planes as well as providing more opportunity to grow NSA's third party cargo business.

Global insurance market conditions are becoming more challenging as insurance companies are limiting their capacity for underwriting risks in certain geographic areas such as the Caribbean and northern Canada or in sectors such as the aviation industry. These factors are expected to continue to result in higher insurance costs; and, changes in self-insured retention levels may result in greater earnings volatility in the event of future losses. To help mitigate future losses, the Company has completed resiliency upgrades to facilities and enhanced preventative measures in all higher risk areas of its business as well as continuing to look for innovative methods to contain insurance costs.

In 2020, the Company expects that capital expenditures, including investments in aircraft capacity, will be in the \$65.0 million range (2019 - \$104.3 million) net of expected recoveries on the settlement of fire insurance claims. In 2021, the Company expects that capital expenditures will be in the \$75 million range with upside for further growth investments. On the downside, the timing and amount of store-based capital expenditures will continue to be impacted by COVID-19-related travel restrictions in at least the first half of 2021, in addition to other delays that can occur with remote location capital projects.

Fourth Quarter 2020 Financial Results

As is common practice, the Company will no longer be issuing a separate report on its fourth quarter financial results. A summary of the fourth quarter financial results will be included in the Company's 2020 Annual Report which is expected to be available in April 2021.

QUARTERLY RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following is a summary of selected quarterly financial information:

Operating Results - Consolidated⁽¹⁾

		Third Q	uarter	Second	Quarter	First Q	uarter	Fourth	Quarter
	9	92 days	92 days	92 days	92 days	90 days	89 days	92 days	92 days
(\$ in millions)		2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2019	2018
Sales	\$	553.0	\$ 519.5	\$ 648.5	\$ 527.3	\$ 592.6	\$ 494.5	\$ 553.1	\$ 532.5
EBITDA ²		75.7	59.3	110.9	51.6	43.4	58.2	50.4	44.3
Earnings from operations		52.9	37.0	87.8	29.6	19.5	37.0	26.7	23.2
Net earnings		35.9	24.8	62.6	17.9	12.3	26.2	17.3	14.0
Net earnings attributable to shareholders of the Company		34.6	24.1	61.9	17.2	11.3	25.1	16.3	13.1
Net earnings per share:									
Basic		0.71	0.49	1.27	0.35	0.23	0.52	0.34	0.27
Diluted		0.71	0.49	1.25	0.35	0.23	0.51	0.33	0.27
Adjusted EBITDA ²		83.6	58.8	95.9	53.6	54.8	45.1	47.4	49.7
Adjusted net earnings ²		42.8	24.3	50.5	20.7	21.0	15.1	15.2	19.3

(1) The Company adopted IFRS 16 Leases (IFRS 16) effective February 1, 2019 using the full retrospective approach and restated 2018. See the audited annual consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in the 2019 Annual Report for additional information.

(2) See Non-GAAP Measures Section of Management's Discussion & Analysis.

Historically, the Company's first quarter sales are the lowest and the fourth quarter sales are the highest, reflecting the holiday selling period. Due to the remote location of many of the Company's stores, weather conditions are often more extreme compared to other retailers and can affect sales in any quarter. Net earnings generally follow higher sales but can be dependent on changes in merchandise sales blend, promotional activity in key sales periods, markdowns to reduce excess inventories and other factors which can affect net earnings.

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures for the Company in order to provide reasonable assurance that all material information relating to the Company is made known to management in a timely manner so that appropriate decisions can be made regarding public disclosure. Management is also responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls over financial reporting to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial reports for external purposes in accordance with IFRS. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore even those systems determined to be designed effectively can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving the control objectives. Additionally, management is necessarily required to use judgment in evaluating controls and procedures. Management used the Internal Control - Integrated Framework published by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission as the control framework in designing its internal controls over financial reporting.

There have been no changes in the internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended October 31, 2020 that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

ACCOUNTING STANDARDS IMPLEMENTED IN 2020

The significant accounting policies are set out in the Company's 2019 Annual Audited Consolidated Financial Statements. These policies have been applied to all periods presented in these Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, and have been applied consistently by both the Company and its subsidiaries using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances, except for assets and liabilities held for sale as described below.

Assets & Liabilities held for sale Assets and liabilities are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. To qualify as held for sale, the sale must be highly probable, assets must be available for immediate sale in their present condition and management must be committed to a plan to sell that should be expected to close within one year from the date of classification.

Such assets are generally measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Any resulting impairment loss is allocated first to goodwill, and then to the remaining assets and liabilities on a pro rata basis, except that no loss is allocated to inventories, financial assets or deferred tax assets, which continue to be measured in accordance with the Company's other accounting policies. Impairment losses on initial classification as held for sale and subsequent gains and losses on remeasurement are recognized in profit or loss.

New Standards Implemented Effective February 1, 2020, the Company adopted amendments to IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements* and IAS 8 *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.* These amendments clarified the definition of material. Under the amended definition, information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make. The amendments are effective for the Company on February 1, 2020 and are required to be applied prospectively. The implementation of these amendments did not have a significant impact on the Company.

FUTURE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS TO BE IMPLEMENTED

There are no IFRS or IFRIC interpretations that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Company.

NON-GAAP MEASURES

The Company uses the following non-GAAP financial measures: earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA), adjusted EBITDA and adjusted net earnings. The Company believes these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful information to both management and investors in measuring the financial performance and financial condition of the Company for the reasons outlined below.

Earnings Before Interest, Income Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) is not a recognized measure under IFRS. Management believes that in addition to net earnings, EBITDA is a useful supplemental measure as it provides investors with an indication of the Company's operational performance before allocating the cost of interest, income taxes and capital investments. Investors should be cautioned however, that EBITDA should not be construed as an alternative to net earnings determined in accordance with IFRS as an indicator of the Company's performance. The Company's method of calculating EBITDA may differ from other companies and may not be comparable to measures used by other companies.

Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Earnings Adjusted EBITDA and adjusted net earnings are not recognized measures under IFRS. Management uses these non-GAAP financial measures to exclude the impact of certain income and expenses that must be recognized under IFRS. The excluded amounts are either subject to volatility in the Company's share price or may not necessarily be reflective of the Company's underlying operating performance. These factors can make comparisons of the Company's financial performance between periods more difficult. The Company may exclude additional items if it believes that doing so will result in a more effective analysis and explanation of the underlying financial performance. The exclusion of these items does not imply that they are non-recurring.

These measures do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and therefore they may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other publicly traded companies and should not be construed as an alternative to the other financial measures determined in accordance with IFRS.

Reconciliation of consolidated net earnings to EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA:

	Third (Quarter	Year-to-Date			
(\$ in thousands)	2020	2019	2020	2019		
Net earnings	\$ 35,914	\$ 24,838	\$ 110,728	\$ 69,010		
Add: Amortization	22,781	22,289	69,782	65,523		
Interest expense	3,997	5,134	13,360	15,316		
Income taxes	13,023	7,018	36,147	19,293		
EBITDA	\$ 75,715	\$ 59,279	\$ 230,017	\$ 169,142		
Adjusted for:						
Insurance gains	—	—	_	(14,965)		
Share-based compensation expense (recovery) ⁽¹⁾	7,869	(450)	19,623	3,360		
Gain on disposition of Giant Tiger stores	—	—	(24,712)	_		
Giant Tiger asset impairment and store closure provision	_	_	9,411	_		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 83,584	\$ 58,829	\$ 234,339	\$ 157,537		

(1) Further information on share-based compensation expense is provided in Note 11 and Note 14 to the Company's Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

For EBITDA information by business segment, see Note 4 to the Company's Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Reconciliation of consolidated net earnings to adjusted net earnings:

	Third C	Quart	er	Year-to	o-Date
(\$ in thousands)	2020		2019	2020	2019
Net earnings	\$ 35,914	\$	24,838	\$110,728	\$ 69,010
Adjusted for:					
Insurance gains, net of tax	_		_	_	(11,547)
Share-based compensation expense (recovery), net of tax	6,896		(502)	16,749	2,688
Gain on disposition of Giant Tiger stores, net of tax	_		_	(19,991)	_
Giant Tiger asset impairment and store closure provision, net of tax	_		_	6,874	_
Adjusted net earnings	\$ 42,810	\$	24,336	\$114,360	\$ 60,151

The Company recorded gains on the settlement of fire and hurricane Irma related insurance claims. These gains were due to the difference between the replacement cost of the assets destroyed and their book value and also for the recovery of business interruption losses on hurricane claims.

Certain share-based compensation costs are presented as liabilities on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. The Company is exposed to market price fluctuations in its share price through these share-based compensation costs. These liabilities are recorded at fair value at each reporting date based on the market price of the Company's shares at the end of each reporting period with the changes in fair value recorded in selling, operating and administrative expenses. Further information on share-based compensation is provided in Note 11 and Note 14 to the Company's Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Further information on the gain on the disposition of Giant Tiger stores and the Giant Tiger asset impairment and store closure expense is provided in the Canadian Operations section and in Note 19 to the Company's Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Unless otherwise stated, this Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) is based on the financial information included in the Company's Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and is in Canadian dollars. The information contained in this MD&A is current to December 9, 2020.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report, including Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A), contains forward-looking statements about the Company, including its business operations, strategy and expected financial performance and condition. Forward-looking statements include statements that are predictive in nature, depend upon or refer to future events or conditions, or include words such as "expects", "anticipates", "plans", "believes", "estimates", "intends", "targets", "projects", "forecasts" or negative versions thereof and other similar expressions, or future or conditional future financial performance (including sales, earnings, growth rates, capital expenditures, dividends, debt levels, financial capacity, access to capital, and liquidity), on-going business strategies or prospects, the Company's intentions regarding a normal course issuer bid, the anticipated impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's operations and the Company's related business continuity plans, the realization of expected savings from administrative cost reduction plans and possible future action by the Company.

Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and projections about future events and are inherently subject to, among other things, risks, uncertainties and assumptions about the Company, economic factors and the retail industry in general. They are not guarantees of future performance, and actual events and results could differ materially from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements made by the Company due to, but not limited to, important factors such as general economic, political and market factors in North America and internationally including the duration and the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, interest and foreign exchange rates, changes in accounting policies and methods used to report financial condition, including uncertainties associated with critical accounting assumptions and estimates, the effect of applying future accounting changes, business competition, technological change, changes in government regulations and legislation, changes in tax laws, unexpected judicial or regulatory proceedings, catastrophic events, the Company's ability to complete capital projects, strategic transactions and integrate acquisitions, the Company's ability to realize benefits from investments in information technology ("IT") and systems, including IT system implementations or unanticipated results from these initiatives and the Company's success in anticipating and managing the foregoing risks.

The reader is cautioned to consider these and other factors carefully and not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Other risks are outlined in the Risk Management section of the 2019 Annual Report and in the Risk Factors sections of the Annual Information Form and Management Information Circular. The reader is also cautioned to consider these and other factors carefully and not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Other than as specifically required by applicable law, the Company does not intend to update any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Additional information on the Company, including our Annual Information Form, can be found on SEDAR at <u>www.sedar.com</u> or on the Company's website at <u>www.northwest.ca</u>.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(unaudited, \$ in thousands)	October 31, 2020	October 31, 2019	January 31, 2020
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 59,712	\$ 51,995	\$ 28,187
Accounts receivable (Note 5)	88,634	89,661	104,869
Inventories (Note 6)	240,270	282,385	248,040
Prepaid expenses	10,785	14,194	12,375
Income tax receivable (Note 13)		2,128	6,122
	399,401	440,363	399,593
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property and equipment	540,212	545,798	555,075
Right-of-use assets	107,168	125,736	127,870
Promissory note receivable (Note 19)	48,747	—	—
Goodwill	49,840	49,388	49,569
Intangible assets	38,960	41,858	41,608
Deferred tax assets	13,769	29,695	28,233
Other assets	14,373	14,006	13,588
	813,069	806,481	815,943
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,212,470	\$ 1,246,844	\$ 1,215,536
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 179,878	\$ 183,735	\$ 173,058
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 9)	94,244	4,675	1,850
Current portion of lease liabilities (Note 10)	15,276	17,790	19,176
Income tax payable (Note 13)	2,528	_	_
	291,926	206,200	194,084
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long-term debt (Note 9)	245,634	427,691	409,115
Lease liabilities (Note 10)	105,143	120,361	119,928
Defined benefit plan obligation (Note 20)	42,738	38,679	40,138
Deferred tax liabilities	11,038	8,188	8,750
Other long-term liabilities	21,538	16,832	16,551
	426,091	611,751	594,482
TOTAL LIABILITIES	718,017	817,951	788,566
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital (Note 7)	174,861	173,681	173,681
Contributed surplus	11,849	7,399	8,650
Retained earnings	269,318	212,504	211,252
Accumulated other comprehensive income	22,401	20,077	20,315
Equity attributable to The North West Company Inc.	478,429	413,661	413,898
Non-controlling interests	16,024	15,232	13,072
TOTAL EQUITY	494,453	428,893	426,970
TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY	\$ 1,212,470	\$ 1,246,844	\$ 1,215,536

Consolidated Statements of Earnings

	Th	ree Months Ended	٦	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		Nine Months Ended
(unaudited, \$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	Octok	per 31, 2020	Octo	ober 31, 2019	Octo	ber 31, 2020	Octo	ober 31, 2019
SALES	\$	552,975	\$	519,521	\$	1,794,048	\$	1,541,332
Cost of sales		(367,911)		(350,214)		(1,207,368)		(1,046,088)
Gross profit		185,064		169,307		586,680		495,244
Selling, operating and administrative expenses (Notes 11, 17, 19)		(132,130)		(132,317)		(426,445)		(391,625)
Earnings from operations		52,934		36,990		160,235		103,619
Interest expense (Note 12)		(3,997)		(5,134)		(13,360)		(15,316)
Earnings before income taxes		48,937		31,856		146,875		88,303
Income taxes (Note 13)		(13,023)		(7,018)		(36,147)		(19,293)
NET EARNINGS FOR THE PERIOD	\$	35,914	\$	24,838	\$	110,728	\$	69,010
NET EARNINGS ATTRIBUTABLE TO								
The North West Company Inc.	\$	34,611	\$	24,101	\$	107,814	\$	66,380
Non-controlling interests		1,303		737		2,914		2,630
TOTAL NET EARNINGS	\$	35,914	\$	24,838	\$	110,728	\$	69,010
NET EARNINGS PER SHARE								
Basic	\$	0.71	\$	0.49	\$	2.21	\$	1.36
Diluted	\$	0.71	\$	0.49	\$	2.19	\$	1.35
WEIGHTED-AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING (000's)								
Basic		48,791		48,751		48,769		48,751
Diluted		49,342		49,413		49,312		49,350

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

	Th	ree Months Ended	Т	hree Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		Nine Months Ended
(unaudited, \$ in thousands)	Octob	er 31, 2020	Octo		Octo	ber 31, 2020	Octo	ber 31, 2019
(and area) with transmus,								
NET EARNINGS FOR THE PERIOD	\$	35,914	\$	24,838	\$	110,728	\$	69,010
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax:								
Items that may be reclassified to net earnings:								
Exchange differences on translation of foreign controlled subsidiaries		(610)		1,828		2,124		242
Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to net earnings:								
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (Note 20)		_		_		_		(6,982)
Total other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax		(610)		1,828		2,124		(6,740)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	\$	35,304	\$	26,666	\$	112,852	\$	62,270
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO								
The North West Company Inc.	\$	(499)	\$	1,809	\$	2,086	\$	(6,772)
Non-controlling interests		(111)		19		38		32
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/ (LOSS)	\$	(610)	\$	1,828	\$	2,124	\$	(6,740)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO								
The North West Company Inc.	\$	34,112	\$	25,907	\$	109,900	\$	59,608
Non-controlling interests		1,192		759		2,952		2,662
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$	35,304	\$	26,666	\$	112,852	\$	62,270

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

(unaudited, \$ in thousands)	Share (Capital	Contributed Surplus	Retained Earnings	AOCI ⁽¹⁾	Total	Non- Controlling Interests	Total Equity
Balance at January 31, 2020	\$ 173,681 \$	8,650	\$ 211,252 \$	20,315	\$ 413,898	\$ 13,072	\$ 426,970
Net earnings for the period	_	_	107,814	_	107,814	2,914	110,728
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	2,086	2,086	38	2,124
Comprehensive income	_	_	107,814	2,086	109,900	2,952	112,852
Equity settled share-based payments	—	3,470	_	_	3,470	_	3,470
Dividends (Note 8)	—	—	(49,748)		(49,748)	—	(49,748)
Issuance of shares (Note 7)	1,180	(271)	_	_	909	_	909
	1,180	3,199	(49,748)	—	(45,369)		(45,369)
Balance at October 31, 2020	\$ 174,861 \$	11,849	\$ 269,318 \$	22 /01	\$ 478,429	\$ 16,024	\$ 494,453
balance at October 51, 2020	317 4 ,001 3	11,049	\$ 209,510 \$	22,401	3 470,429	Ş 10,02 1	Ş 494,433
	Υ	11,049	\$ 205,510 \$	22,401	<u>, 470,429</u>	<u>3 10,024</u>	\$ +5+,+55
Balance at January 31, 2019	\$ 173,681 \$	3,530		19,867	· · ·	· · · ·	· · ·
					· · ·	· · ·	· · ·
Balance at January 31, 2019			\$ 201,368 \$	19,867	\$ 398,446	\$ 12,570	\$ 411,016
Balance at January 31, 2019 Net earnings for the period			\$ 201,368 \$ 66,380	19,867	\$ 398,446 66,380	\$ 12,570 2,630	\$ 411,016 69,010
Balance at January 31, 2019 Net earnings for the period Other comprehensive income/ (loss)			\$ 201,368 \$ 66,380 (6,982)	19,867 210	\$ 398,446 66,380 (6,772)	\$ 12,570 2,630 32	\$ 411,016 69,010 (6,740)
Balance at January 31, 2019 Net earnings for the period Other comprehensive income/ (loss) Comprehensive income		3,530 — — —	\$ 201,368 \$ 66,380 (6,982)	19,867 210	\$ 398,446 66,380 (6,772) 59,608	\$ 12,570 2,630 32	\$ 411,016 69,010 (6,740) 62,270
Balance at January 31, 2019 Net earnings for the period Other comprehensive income/ (loss) Comprehensive income Equity settled share-based payments		3,530 — — —	\$ 201,368 \$ 66,380 (6,982) 59,398 —	19,867 9 210 	\$ 398,446 66,380 (6,772) 59,608 3,869	\$ 12,570 2,630 32	\$ 411,016 69,010 (6,740) 62,270 3,869

(1) Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	Th	ree Months	Tł	nree Months	Ν	line Months	Ν	ine Months
	. .	Ended		Ended	. .	Ended	- ·	Ended
(unaudited, \$ in thousands)	Octob	er 31, 2020	Octo	ber 31, 2019	Octob	oer 31, 2020	Octob	oer 31, 2019
CASH FROM (USED IN):								
Operating activities								
Net earnings for the period	\$	35,914	\$	24,838	\$	110,728	\$	69,010
Adjustments for:								
Amortization		22,781		22,289		69,782		65,523
Provision for income taxes (Note 13)		13,023		7,018		36,147		19,293
Interest expense (Note 12)		3,997		5,134		13,360		15,316
Equity settled share-based compensation (Note 14)		(499)		1,818		3,470		3,869
Insurance proceeds, property and equipment		_		—		_		(5,514)
Taxes paid		(4,896)		(4,596)		(10,669)		(14,589)
Loss on disposal of property and equipment		1		72		113		389
Gain on disposition of Giant Tiger stores (Note 19)		—		_		(24,712)		_
Giant Tiger asset impairment & store closure provision (Note 19)		_		_		9,411		_
		70 221						152 207
Change in part, each working conital		70,321		56,573		207,630		153,297
Change in non-cash working capital		(13,431)		(27,194)		21,857		(34,049)
Change in other non-cash items		(640)		(1,813)		2,571		(6,451)
Cash from operating activities		56,250		27,566		232,058		112,797
Investing activities		(((0.050)		((0, 1, 7, 1, 0)
Purchase of property and equipment		(15,613)		(40,952)		(52,706)		(84,742)
Intangible asset additions		(904)		(1,320)		(4,584)		(5,870)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		1,343		(32)		2,294		44
Insurance proceeds, property and equipment								5,514
Cash used in investing activities		(15,174)		(42,304)		(54,996)		(85,054)
Financing activities								
Net increase/(decrease) in long-term debt (Note 9)		(29,877)		29,295		(165,072)		65,153
Debt issuance (Note 9)		_		—		94,808		—
Payment of lease liabilities, principal		(4,370)		(5,187)		(14,577)		(15,656)
Payment of lease liabilities, interest		(1,218)		(1,395)		(3,977)		(4,164)
Dividends (Note 8)		(17,564)		(16,087)		(49,748)		(48,262)
Interest paid		(1,292)		(3,180)		(7,638)		(11,272)
Issuance of common shares		—		_		909		_
Cash from (used in) financing activities		(54,321)		3,446		(145,295)		(14,201)
Effect of foreign exchange rates on cash		(508)		68		(242)		5
NET CHANGE IN CASH		(13,753)		(11,224)		31,525		13,547
Cash, beginning of period		73,465		63,219		28,187		38,448
CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$	59,712	\$	51,995	\$	59,712	\$	51,995

1. ORGANIZATION

The North West Company Inc. (NWC or the Company) is a corporation amalgamated under the Canada Business Corporations Act (CBCA) and governed by the laws of Canada. The Company, through its subsidiaries, is a leading retailer of food and everyday products and services. The address of its registered office is 77 Main Street, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada.

The Company has two reportable geographical segments, Canada and International. The International segment consists largely of wholly owned subsidiaries operating in the continental United States, Caribbean and South Pacific. The Company's business follows a seasonal pattern where historically the first quarter sales are the lowest and the fourth quarter sales are the highest, reflecting consumer holiday buying patterns.

On July 5, 2020, the Company sold 36 of its 46 Giant Tiger (GT) stores to Giant Tiger Stores Limited (GTSL) and recorded a noninterest bearing promissory note. See Note 19.

These unaudited interim period condensed consolidated financial statements (condensed consolidated financial statements) have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on December 9, 2020.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

- (A) Statement of Compliance These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes included in The North West Company Inc.'s 2019 Annual Report which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).
- (B) Basis of Measurement The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following which are measured at fair value, as applicable:
 - Liabilities for share-based payment plans (Note 14)
 - Defined benefit pension plan
 - Assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination

The methods used to measure fair values are discussed further in the notes to the Company's 2019 Annual Audited Consolidated Financial Statements.

(C) Functional and Presentation Currency The presentation currency of the condensed consolidated financial statements is Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information is presented in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated, and has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies are set out in the Company's 2019 Annual Audited Consolidated Financial Statements. These policies have been applied to all periods presented in these condensed consolidated financial statements, and have been applied consistently by both the Company and its subsidiaries using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances, except for assets and liabilities held for sale as described below.

Assets & Liabilities held for sale Assets and liabilities are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. To qualify as held for sale, the sale must be highly probable, assets must be available for immediate sale in their present condition and management must be committed to a plan to sell that should be expected to close within one year from the date of classification.

Such assets are generally measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Any resulting impairment loss is allocated first to goodwill, and then to the remaining assets and liabilities on a pro-rata basis, except that no loss is allocated to inventories, financial assets or deferred tax assets, which continue to be measured in accordance with the Company's other accounting policies. Impairment losses on initial classification as held for sale and subsequent gains and losses on remeasurement are recognized in profit or loss.

New Standards Implemented Effective February 1, 2020, the Company adopted amendments to IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements* and IAS 8 *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.* These amendments clarified the definition of material. Under the amended definition, information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make. The implementation of these amendments did not have a significant impact on the Company.

Future Standards and Amendments There are no IFRS or IFRIC interpretations that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Company.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Use of Estimates The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates, assumptions and judgments that affect the application of accounting policies, the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and notes. Judgment has been used in the application of accounting policy and to determine if a transaction should be recognized or disclosed in these consolidated financial statements while estimates and assumptions have been used to measure balances recognized or disclosed.

Estimates, assumptions and judgments are based on management's historical experience, best knowledge of current events, conditions and actions that the Company may undertake in the future and other factors that management believes are reasonable under the circumstances. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Certain of these estimates require subjective or complex judgments by management about matters that are uncertain and changes in these estimates could materially impact the consolidated financial statements and notes. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are reviewed and in any future periods affected.

Areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the condensed consolidated financial statements include: allowance for doubtful accounts, inventories, amortization of property and equipment, determination of lease term, estimate of incremental borrowing rate of each leased asset, impairment of long-lived assets, goodwill and indefinite life intangible asset impairment, income taxes, accounting for vendor allowances, measurement of contingent consideration, and defined benefit plan obligations.

The COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in material disruption to business globally and significant economic uncertainty. In response, governments worldwide have enacted emergency measures to both combat the spread of the virus and stabilize economic conditions. The rapidly evolving COVID-19 economic environment in which we operate could be subject to sustained volatility. The Company is unable to reliably forecast the severity and duration of the impact of COVID-19 on the economy, the Company's customers, suppliers and employees, and consequently, its impact on the future financial results and condition of the Company, including its estimates, assumptions and judgments.

4. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company is a retailer of food and everyday products and services in two geographical segments, Canada and International. The Canadian segment consists of subsidiaries operating retail stores and complimentary businesses to serve northern Canada. The International segment consists largely of subsidiaries operating retail stores in the continental United States, Caribbean and South Pacific. Financial information for these business segments is regularly reviewed by the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer to assess performance and make decisions about the allocation of resources.

The following key information is presented by geographic segment:

Consolidated Statements of Earnings

	Thr	ee Months	Thr	ee Months	N	ine Months	Ν	ine Months
		Ended		Ended		Ended		Ended
	Octobe	er 31, 2020	Octob	er 31, 2019	Octob	er 31, 2020	Octob	oer 31, 2019
Sales								
Canada								
Food	\$	221,250	\$	213,859	\$	718,234	\$	630,464
General merchandise and other		91,586		100,683		329,525		307,874
Canada	\$	312,836	\$	314,542	\$	1,047,759	\$	938,338
International								
Food	\$	212,746	\$	181,390	\$	662,564	\$	537,706
General merchandise and other		27,393		23,589		83,725		65,288
International	\$	240,139	\$	204,979	\$	746,289	\$	602,994
Consolidated	\$	552,975	\$	519,521	\$	1,794,048	\$	1,541,332
Earnings before amortization, interest and income taxes								
Canada	\$	51,658	\$	41,158	\$	153,107	\$	105,958
International		24,057		18,121		76,910		63,184
Consolidated	\$	75,715	\$	59,279	\$	230,017	\$	169,142
Earnings from operations								
Canada	\$	36,293	\$	25,430	\$	105,697	\$	59,734
International		16,641		11,560		54,538		43,885
Consolidated	\$	52,934	\$	36,990	\$	160,235	\$	103,619

4. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (continued)

Supplemental information

	October 31, 2020	Octo	October 31, 2019		ry 31, 2020
Assets					
Canada ⁽¹⁾	\$ 746,480	\$	802,305	\$	787,392
International (1)	465,990		444,539		428,144
Consolidated	\$ 1,212,470	\$	1,246,844	\$	1,215,536

(1) Canadian total assets includes goodwill of \$11,025 (October 31, 2019 – \$11,025; January 31, 2020 – \$11,025); International total assets includes goodwill of \$38,815 (October 31, 2019 – \$38,363; January 31, 2020 – \$38,544).

	Three Months Ended			Three Months Ended				Nine l	Nonth	is Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	00	tober	31, 2020		October 31, 2019		r 31, 2019	October 31, 2020			October 31, 2019		
	Canada	Inter	national		Canada	Inte	ernational	Canada	Inter	national	Canada	International	
Purchase of property and equipment	\$ 11,755	\$	3,858	\$	23,808	\$	17,144	\$ 46,958	\$	5,748	\$ 53,708	\$ 31,034	
Amortization	\$ 15,365	\$	7,416	\$	15,728	\$	6,561	\$ 47,410	\$	22,372	\$ 46,224	\$ 19,299	

5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	October 31, 20	20 Oc	tober 31, 2019) Janu	ary 31, 2020
Trade accounts receivable	\$ 69,8	05	\$ 77,647	′\$	81,925
Corporate and other accounts receivable	29,6	27	26,912	<u>,</u>	34,782
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(10,7	98)	(14,898	3)	(11,838)
Total	\$ 88,6	34	\$ 89,661	\$	104,869

The carrying values of accounts receivable are a reasonable approximation of their fair values. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of receivable mentioned above. Corporate and other accounts receivable have a lower risk profile relative to trade accounts receivable because they are largely due from government or corporate entities.

6. INVENTORIES

Included in cost of sales for the three months ended October 31, 2020, the Company recorded \$508 (three months ended October 31, 2019 – \$295) for the write-down of period end inventories as a result of net realizable value being lower than cost. For the nine months ended October 31, 2020, the Company recorded \$1,249 (nine months ended October 31, 2019 - \$855) for the write-down of period end inventories as a result of net realizable value being lower than cost. There was no reversal of inventories written down previously that are no longer estimated to sell below cost during the nine months ended October 31, 2020 or 2019.

7. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized – The Company has an unlimited number of Common Voting Shares and Variable Voting Shares.

October 31, 2020	Shares	Cons	ideration
Balance at January 31, 2020	48,750,929	\$	173,681
Issued under share-based compensation plans (Note 14)	43,164		1,180
Balance at October 31, 2020	48,794,093	\$	174,861
October 31, 2019			
Balance at January 31, 2019	48,750,929	\$	173,681
Issued under share-based compensation plans (Note 14)			
Balance at October 31, 2019	48,750,929		173,681

8. DIVIDENDS

	Nine M	onths Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	October 31, 2020		October 31, 2019		
Dividends recorded in equity and paid in cash	\$	49,748	\$	48,262	
Dividends per share	\$	1.02	\$	0.99	

The payment of dividends on the Company's shares is subject to the approval of the Board of Directors and is based upon, among other factors, the financial performance of the Company, its current and anticipated future business needs, and the satisfaction of solvency tests imposed by the CBCA for the declaration of dividends. Dividends are recognized as a liability in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Board of Directors (see Note 21).

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

	October	31, 2020	Octob	er 31, 2019	Januai	ry 31, 2020
Current:						
Revolving loan facility ⁽¹⁾	\$	_	\$	3,775	\$	950
Senior notes ⁽⁴⁾		93,078		—		—
Promissory notes payable ⁽⁸⁾		1,166		900		900
	\$	94,244	\$	4,675	\$	1,850
Non-current:						
Revolving loan facility ⁽¹⁾	\$	11,521	\$	—	\$	—
Revolving loan facilities ⁽²⁾		37,203		36,770		36,943
Revolving loan facilities ⁽³⁾		1,866		195,920		176,716
Senior notes ⁽⁴⁾				91,885		92,334
Senior notes ⁽⁵⁾		93,078		_		—
Senior notes ⁽⁶⁾		100,000		100,000		100,000
Revolving loan facility (7)				—		—
Promissory notes payable ⁽⁸⁾		1,966		3,116		3,122
	\$	245,634	\$	427,691	\$	409,115
Total	\$	339,878	\$	432,366	\$	410,965

(1) The committed, revolving U.S. loan facility provides the International Operations with up to US\$40,000 for working capital requirements and general business purposes. This facility matures February 12, 2025, bears a floating rate of interest based on U.S. LIBOR plus a spread and is secured by certain accounts receivable and inventories of the International Operations. As at October 31, 2020, the International Operations had drawn US\$8,651 (October 31, 2019 - US\$2,868; January 31, 2020 - US\$719) on this facility.

(2) The US\$52,000 loan facilities mature September 26, 2022 and bear interest at U.S. LIBOR plus a spread. These committed loan facilities are secured by certain assets of the Company and rank *pari passu* with the US\$70,000 senior notes due in 2021, the \$100,000 senior notes, the US\$70,000 senior notes due in 2027 and 2032 and the \$300,000 Canadian Operations loan facilities. At October 31, 2020, the Company had drawn US\$27,936 (October 31, 2019 – US\$27,936; January 31, 2020 - US\$27,936) on these facilities.

(3) These committed, revolving loan facilities provide the Company's Canadian Operations with up to \$300,000 for working capital and general business purposes. These facilities mature September 26, 2022, are secured by certain assets of the Company and rank *pari passu* with the US\$70,000 senior notes due in 2021, the \$100,000 senior notes, the US\$70,000 senior notes due in 2027 and 2032 and the US\$52,000 loan facilities. These facilities bear a floating interest rate based on Bankers Acceptances rates plus stamping fees or the Canadian prime interest rate.

(4) The US\$70,000 senior notes mature June 16, 2021, have a fixed interest rate of 3.27% on US\$55,000 and a floating interest rate on US\$15,000 based on U.S. LIBOR plus a spread. The senior notes are secured by certain assets of the Company and rank *pari passu* with the \$300,000 Canadian Operations loan facilities, the \$100,000 senior notes, the US\$70,000 senior notes due in 2027 and 2032 and the US\$52,000 loan facilities.

9. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

(5) In June 2020, the Company issued US\$70,000 senior notes. These US\$70,000 senior notes comprise US\$35,000 due June 16, 2027 with a fixed interest rate of 2.88% and US\$35,000 due June 16, 2032 with a fixed interest rate of 3.09%. The senior notes are secured by certain assets of the Company and rank *pari passu* with the \$300,000 Canadian Operations loan facilities, the \$100,000 senior notes, the US\$70,000 senior notes due June 16, 2021 and the US\$52,000 loan facilities.

(6) The \$100,000 senior notes mature September 26, 2029, have a fixed interest rate of 3.74%, are secured by certain assets of the Company and rank *pari passu* with the \$300,000 Canadian Operations loan facilities, the US\$70,000 senior notes due in 2021, the US\$70,000 senior notes due in 2022 and the US\$52,000 loan facilities.

(7) The Canadian and International Operations have revolving loan facilities to meet working capital requirements and for general business purposes. These facilities bear a floating rate of interest and are secured by certain assets of the Company.

(8) Promissory notes payable are non-interest bearing, have annual principal payments and are secured by certain assets of the Company.

10. LEASE LIABILITIES

The Company's lease liabilities are discounted at its incremental borrowing rate, generally calculated from applicable Canadian and U.S. corporate bond yields. At October 31, 2020, lease liabilities reflect a weighted-average risk-free rate of 3.7% (October 31, 2019 – 3.9%; January 31, 2020 - 3.8%) and weighted-average remaining lease term of 9.9 years (October 31, 2019 – 9.8 years; January 31, 2020 - 9.7 years).

11. EMPLOYEE COSTS

	Thre	e Months	Thre	ee Months	Ni	ne Months	Ni	ne Months
		Ended		Ended		Ended		Ended
	Octobe	r 31, 2020	Octobe	er 31, 2019	Octob	er 31, 2020	Octob	er 31, 2019
Wages, salaries and benefits including bonus	\$	71,579	\$	76,564	\$	247,705	\$	227,895
Post-employment benefits		2,488		2,169		7,408		6,594
Share-based compensation (Note 14)		7,869		(450)		19,623		3,360

12. INTEREST EXPENSE

	Three	e Months	Thre	e Months	Nin	e Months	Nir	ne Months
		Ended		Ended		Ended		Ended
	October	31, 2020	Octobe	r 31, 2019	Octobe	r 31, 2020	Octobe	er 31, 2019
Interest on long-term debt	\$	2,913	\$	3,524	\$	9,125	\$	10,515
Interest on lease liabilities		1,216		1,395		3,977		4,164
Net interest on defined benefit plan obligation		269		257		806		770
Interest on promissory note receivable		(390)		_		(390)		_
interest capitalized		(11)		(42)		(158)		(133)
Interest expense	\$	3,997	\$	5,134	\$	13,360	\$	15,316

13. INCOME TAXES

The estimated effective income tax rate for the three months ended October 31, 2020 is 26.6% (three months ended October 31, 2019 – 22.0%) and for the nine months ended October 31, 2020 is 24.6% (nine months ended October 31, 2019 – 21.8%). The Company estimates its effective income tax rate on a weighted-average basis by determining the income tax rate applicable to each taxing jurisdiction and applying it to its pre-tax earnings.

14. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company offers the following share-based compensation plans: Performance Share Units (PSUs); Share Options; Director Deferred Share Units (DDSUs); Executive Deferred Share Units (EDSUs) and an Employee Share Purchase Plan. The purpose of these plans is to directly align the interests of the participants and the shareholders of the Company by providing compensation that is dependent on the performance of the Company's shares.

The total expense relating to share-based payment plans for the three months ended October 31, 2020 is an expense of \$7,869 (three months ended October 31, 2019 – recovery of \$450) and for the nine months ended October 31, 2020 an expense of \$19,623 (nine months ended October 31, 2019 - expense of \$3,360). The carrying amount of the Company's share-based compensation arrangements including PSU, share option, DDSU and EDSU plans are recorded on the consolidated balance sheets as follows:

	October 31, 202) Octob	ber 31, 2019	Januar	y 31, 2020
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 8,51	s \$	12,062	\$	11,080
Other long-term liabilities	11,29	5	10,694		10,225
Contributed surplus	10,28)	5,830		7,081
Total	\$ 30,09	\$	28,586	\$	28,386

14. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION (continued)

Performance Share Units

The Company has granted Performance Share Units to officers and senior management. Each PSU entitles the participant to receive one share of the Company for each notional unit granted at the end of the vesting period based on the achievement of specific performance based criteria. The PSU account for each participant includes the value of dividends from the Company as if reinvested in additional PSUs. PSU awards vest with the employee on the third fiscal year following the date of the grant to which the award relates. Compensation expense is measured based on the grant date fair market value of the award. The compensation expense is recognized over the vesting period factoring in the probability of the performance criteria being met.

Compensation costs related to the PSUs for the three months ended October 31, 2020 are \$1,899 (three months ended October 31, 2019 – \$1,726) and for the nine months ended October 31, 2020 are \$6,578 (nine months ended October 31, 2019 - \$4,390). The total number of PSUs outstanding at October 31, 2020 that may be settled in treasury shares is 230,312 (October 31, 2019 – 180,173). There were 12,021 PSUs exercised in treasury shares during the nine months ended October 31, 2020 (nine months ended October 31, 2019 – 180,173).

Share Option Plan

The Company has a Share Option Plan that provides for the granting of options to certain officers and senior management. Options are granted at fair market value based on the volume weighted-average closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days preceding the grant date. Effective June 14, 2011, the Share Option Plan was amended and restated. The amendments afford the Board of Directors the discretion to award options giving the holder the choice, upon exercise, to either deduct a portion of all dividends declared after the grant date from the options exercise price or to exercise the option at the strike price specified at the grant date (Declining Strike Price Options). Options issued prior to June 14, 2011 and certain options issued subsequently are standard options (Standard Options). Each option is exercisable into one share of the Company at the price specified in the terms of the option. Declining Strike Price options allow the employee to acquire shares or receive a cash payment based on the excess of the fair market value of the Company's shares over the exercise price.

The fair value of the Declining Strike Price Options is remeasured at the reporting date and recognized both in net earnings and as a liability over the vesting period. The grant date fair value of the Standard Options is recognized in net earnings and contributed surplus over the vesting period.

The maximum number of shares available for issuance is a fixed number set at 4,354,020, representing 8.9% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares at October 31, 2020. Fair value of the Company's options is determined using an option pricing model. Share options granted vest on a graduated basis over four to five years and are exercisable over a period of seven years. The share option compensation costs recorded for the three months ended October 31, 2020 are an expense of \$4,249 (three months ended October 31, 2019 – recovery of \$2,250) and for the nine months ended October 31, 2020 are an expense of \$8,927 (nine months ended October 31, 2019 - recovery of \$2,367).

The fair values for options issued were calculated based on the assumptions below.

	October	October 31, 2020		
Fair value of options granted	\$	2.70	\$	2.69
Exercise price	\$	29.23 \$28.11 to		to \$30.01
Dividend yield		4.5%		4.3%
Annual risk-free interest rate		0.4%		1.5%
Expected share price volatility		24.1%		19.3%

14. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION (continued)

The assumptions used to measure cash settled options at the balance sheet dates were as follows:

	October 31, 2020	October 31, 2019
Dividend yield	4.4%	4.7%
Annual risk-free interest rate	0.3%	1.4%
Expected share price volatility	27.7% to 42.4%	17.2% to 19.2%

The expected dividend yield is estimated based on the quarterly dividend rate and the closing share price on the date the options are granted. The expected share price volatility is estimated based on the Company's historical volatility over a period consistent with the expected life of the options. The risk-free interest rate is estimated based on the Government of Canada bond yield for a term to maturity equal to the expected life of the options.

The following continuity schedules reconcile the movement in outstanding options during the nine months ended October 31:

Number of options outstanding	Declining St	Standard Options		
	October 31, 2020	October 31, 2019	October 31, 2020	October 31, 2019
Outstanding options, beginning of period	1,919,959	1,967,723	899,854	430,340
Granted	_	_	461,969	499,311
Exercised	(1,072,476)	(7,999)	(44,811)	_
Forfeited or cancelled	(13,915)	(31,779)	(57,367)	(27,502)
Outstanding options, end of period	833,568	1,927,945	1,259,645	902,149
Exercisable at end of period	416,446	1,063,137	279,821	116,812

Weighted-average exercise price	Declining S	trike Price Options		Standard Options
	October 31, 2020	October 31, 2019	October 31, 2020	October 31, 2019
Outstanding options, beginning of period	\$ 27.34	\$ 27.36	\$ 28.01	\$ 27.83
Granted	_	_	29.23	28.17
Exercised	24.02	21.86	26.60	_
Forfeited or cancelled	31.28	30.26	28.01	27.90
Outstanding options, end of period	\$ 30.04	\$ 27.33	\$ 28.51	\$ 28.01
Exercisable at end of period	\$ 28.91	\$ 21.60	\$ 27.97	\$ 27.18

Options outstanding at October 31, 2020 have an exercise price range of \$24.79 to \$32.40 and a weighted-average remaining contractual life of 4.5 years.

14. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION (continued)

Director Deferred Share Unit Plan

This plan is available for independent Directors. Participants are credited with deferred share units for the amount of the annual equity retainer and fees each participant elects to allocate to the DDSU plan. Each deferred share unit entitles the holder to receive a share of the Company. The DDSUs are exercisable by the holder at any time but no later than December 31 of the first calendar year commencing after the holder ceases to be a Director. A participant may elect at the time of exercise of any DDSUs, subject to the consent of the Company, to have the Company pay an amount in cash equal to the aggregate current market value of the shares, determined based on the closing price of the shares on the TSX on the trading day preceding the exercise date. This cash payment is in consideration for the surrender by the participant to the Company the right to receive shares from exercising the DDSUs. Effective December 2016, the plan was amended for those DDSUs credited to participants for the portion of the annual cash retainer and fees each participant elects to allocate to the plan. The holder of these DDSUs is entitled to receive at the time of exercise, an amount in cash equal to the aggregate current market value of the shares on the TSX on the trading day preceding price of the shares date.

Compensation expense is initially measured at the time of the grant. Subsequent changes in the fair value of the DDSUs based on changes in the market value of the Company's shares are recognized at each reporting date. The DDSU plan compensation costs recorded for the three months ended October 31, 2020 are \$1,460 (three months ended October 31, 2019 – \$2) and for the nine months ended October 31, 2020 are \$3,212 (nine months ended October 31, 2019 - \$716). The total number of DDSUs outstanding at October 31, 2020 is 307,934 (October 31, 2019 – 310,010). There were 51,750 DDSUs exercised in cash during the period ended October 31, 2020 (October 31, 2019 - NIL).

Executive Deferred Share Unit Plan

The EDSU plan was implemented to assist executive management to meet the Company's minimum share ownership guidelines. This plan provides for the granting of deferred share units to those executives who elect to receive a portion of their annual short-term incentive payment in EDSUs, subject to plan limits. Effective April 2016, participants will be credited with EDSUs based on the amount of their short-term incentive payment allocated to the plan and the fair market value of the Company's shares. The EDSU account for each participant includes the value of dividends from the Company as if reinvested in additional EDSUs. The EDSUs are exercisable at any time after the executive ceases to be an employee of the Company, but no later than December 31 of the first calendar year commencing after the holder ceased to be an employee. Each EDSU entitles the holder to a cash payment equal to the market value of the equivalent number of the Company's shares, determined based on their closing price on the TSX on the trading day preceding the exercise date.

Total compensation expense is measured at the time of the grant. Subsequent changes in the fair value of the EDSUs based on changes in the market value of the Company's shares are recognized at each reporting date. The EDSU plan compensation costs recorded for the three months ended October 31, 2020 an expense of \$122 (three months ended October 31, 2019 – recovery of \$48) and for nine months ended October 31, 2020 an expense of \$214 (nine months ended October 31, 2019 – recovery of \$27).

Employee Share Purchase Plan

The Employee Share Purchase Plan provides participants with the opportunity to acquire an ownership interest in the Company. The Company contributes an additional 33% of the amount invested, subject to a maximum annual contribution of 2% of the participants' base salary. The plan is administered by a trustee who uses the funds received to purchase shares on the TSX on behalf of the participating employees. These shares are registered in the name of the plan trustee on behalf of the participants. The Company's contribution to the plan is recorded as compensation expense. The employee share purchase plan compensation costs recorded for the three months ended October 31, 2020 are \$139 (three months ended October 31, 2019 – \$120) and for the nine months ended October 31, 2020 are \$692 (nine months ended October 31, 2019 - \$648).

15. SEASONALITY

The Company's business follows a seasonal pattern where historically the first quarter sales are the lowest and the fourth quarter sales are the highest, reflecting consumer holiday buying patterns. Net earnings generally follow higher sales but can be dependent on markdown activity in key sales periods to reduce excess inventories. Net earnings are historically lower in the first quarter due to lower sales and fixed costs such as rent and overhead that apply uniformly throughout the year.

16. SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES

The Company's principal operating subsidiaries at October 31, 2020 are set out below:

			Proportion of voti	ng rights held by:
	Activity	Country of Organization	Company	Subsidiary
NWC GP Inc.	General Partner	Canada	100 %	
North West Company Holdings Inc.	Holding Company	Canada	100 %	
The North West Company LP	Retailing	Canada	100 %	(less one unit)
NWC (U.S.) Holdings Inc.	Holding Company	United States		100 %
The North West Company (International) Inc.	Retailing	United States		100 %
Roadtown Wholesale Trading Ltd.	Retailing	British Virgin Islands		77 %
North Star Air Ltd.	Airline	Canada		100 %

The Company's investment in joint ventures comprises a 50% interest in a Canadian Arctic shipping company, Transport Nanuk Inc.

17. EXPENSES BY NATURE

	Three Months	Three Months	Nine Months	Nine Months Ended October 31, 2019	
	Ended	Ended	Ended		
	October 31, 2020	October 31, 2019	October 31, 2020		
Employee costs (Note 11)	\$ 81,936	\$ 78,283	\$ 274,736	\$ 237,849	
Amortization	22,781	22,289	69,782	65,523	
Operating lease rentals	1,894	1,977	5,484	5,656	
Insurance gain (1)	_	_	_	(14,965)	
Gain on disposition of Giant Tiger stores ⁽²⁾	_	_	(24,712)	_	

(1) The Company recorded gains on insurance claims for the period ended October 31, 2019. These gains were due to the difference between the replacement cost of the assets destroyed and their net book values and also for recovery of business interruption losses on certain insurance claims.

(2) The Company recorded a gain on the disposition of 36 of its Giant Tiger stores. See Note 19.

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Accounting classifications and fair value estimation

The following table comprises the carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments at October 31, 2020. All of the Company's financial instruments are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

These amounts represent point-in-time estimates and may not reflect fair value in the future. These calculations are subjective in nature, involve uncertainties and are a matter of significant judgment.

Cash		Assets (Liabilities) carried at amortized cost			
	Maturity	Carrying amount		Fair value	
	Short-term	\$	59,712	\$	59,712
Accounts receivable	Short-term		88,634		88,634
Promissory note receivable (Note 19)	Long-term		48,747		48,747
Other financial assets	Long-term		1,336		1,336
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Short-term		(179,878)		(179,878)
Current portion of long-term debt	Short-term		(94,244)		(95,285)
Long-term debt	Long-term		(245,634)		(255,933)

The methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair value of the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

- The fair value of short-term financial instruments, excluding debt with fixed interest rates, approximates their carrying values due to their immediate or short-term period to maturity. Any differences between fair value and book values of short-term financial instruments are considered to be insignificant.
- The fair value of promissory note receivable represents the present value of future cash flows, based on an interest rate specific to its counterparty.
- The fair value of debt with fixed interest rates is estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using the current risk-free interest rate on an instrument with similar terms adjusted for an appropriate risk premium. This is considered a level 2 fair value estimate.

19. DISPOSITION & STORE CLOSURE PROVISION

On July 5, 2020, the Company sold 36 of its 46 Giant Tiger stores (the Acquired Stores) to Giant Tiger Stores Limited for cash consideration, subject to working capital adjustments, payable in installments on the second, third and fourth anniversaries of the transaction closing date and, subject to meeting certain profitability milestones, additional contingent cash consideration payable on the fourth and fifth anniversaries of the closing date of up to \$22,500. The estimated consideration has been recorded as an unsecured, non-interest bearing promissory note. The fair value is comprised of the net present value of the installments and estimated additional contingent consideration, discounted using an interest rate specific to the counterparty. The Company recognized a pre-tax gain on sale of \$24,712 (\$19,991, net of tax) in selling, operating and administrative expenses.

Giant Tiger Asset Impairment Charge & Store Closure Provision

Of the remaining 10 GT locations, the Company: (i) has retained and is operating five key stores in northern market locations, (ii) has converted one store to a Valu-Lots clearance center, and (iii) has closed four stores in the third quarter of 2020. For the nine-months ended October 31, 2020, the Company recorded an asset impairment and store closure provision of \$9,411, of which \$3,292 has been realized. The store closure provision was included in selling, operating and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of earnings, and has been applied to reduce the carrying amount of fixtures and equipment and right-of-use assets and to increase accrued liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets.

20. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A remeasurement of the defined benefit pension plan assets and liabilities was performed at July 31, 2019. During the three months ended July 31, 2019, the Company recorded a net actuarial loss on its defined benefit plan obligation of \$6,982 in other comprehensive income, which was recognized immediately in retained earnings.

This remeasurement was primarily due to a change in the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation. The discount rate used to determine the benefit obligation for the defined benefit pension plan at July 31, 2019 was 3.00% (January 31, 2019 - 3.75%).

There was no actuarial remeasurement during the nine months ended October 31, 2020.

21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Dividends

On December 9, 2020, the Board of Directors declared a dividend of \$0.36 per share payable January 15, 2021 to shareholders of record on December 31, 2020.

Normal Course Issuer Bid

On November 10, 2020, the Company announced that the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") provided approval for the Company to commence a Normal Course Issuer Bid ("NCIB") for a portion of its common voting shares and variable voting shares (the "Shares"). Under the NCIB the Company may acquire up to a maximum of 4,807,437 of its Shares, or approximately 10% of its public float as of November 1, 2020 for cancellation over the next 12 months.